MEDICAL RECORD -- SUPPLEMENTAL MEDICAL DATA

For use of this form, see AR 40-400; the proponent agency is the Office of the Surgeon General.

REPORT TITLE INITIAL EVALUATION AND TREATMENT OF BLOODBORNE PATHOGEN

OTSG APPROVED (Date)

EXPOSURE INCIDENT	26 February 1997			
<u>PATIEN</u>	<u> FEVALUATION</u>			
History: (Patient activity at time, circumstances and route of exposure)				
Physical Evaluation: (Site of exposure, size of wound)				
Immune to hepatitis B due to previous infection Has completed hepatitis B vaccination (HBV) series Has tested anti-HBs positive (titre > 10 MIU) in past 12 months Known nonresponder to HBV series Previously tested for HIV Previously tested for HCV Diagnosis of other bloodborne disease	If "Yes," date and results:			
SOURCE	EVALUATION			
Source is:	nined			
TESTS ORD	ERED ON PATIENT			
	tests ordered.)			
All patients require (must check all): AntiHBs				
TRI	EATMENT			
(Check treatments ordered. See t	he protocol on the back of this form.)			
Wound Care (specify):				
Vaccines: ☐ Tetanus ☐ HBIG (0.06ml/kg) ☐ Basic regimen - Combiv☐ Prior to HIV prophylaxis telephone consult to WRAMC IDS	r ☐ Expanded regimen - Combivir (and Indinavir	or Neifinavir).		
□ Other (specify):				
COUNSELING	G AND FOLLOW UP			
` '. '.	unseling interventions done.)			
Non-contract patients (must check both): Was given a copy of MEDDAC Handout 317 (Bloodborne Pathogen Expos Referral to Occupational Health Clinic. (Immediately or the next work day if Contract patients (must check both): Advised to contact his or her employer (i.e., the Contractor) for appropriate Referral to FGGM MTF Occupational Health Clinic. (Immediately or the next)	after duty hours, during the weekend or holiday.)	holiday)		
	DEPARTMENT/SERVICE/CLINIC			
PREPARED BY (Signature & Title)	DEPARTMENT/SERVICE/CLINIC	DATE		
PATIENT'S IDENTIFICATION (For typed or written entries give: Namelast, firs middle; grade; date; hospital or medical facility)	OTHER EXAMINATION OR EVALUATION DIAGNOSTIC STUDIES	FLOW CHART OTHER (Specify)		

TESTING PROTOCOL FOR BLOODBORNE PATHOGEN EXPOSURE INCIDENT				
TEST TO BE ORDERED	SOURCE	PATIENT		
Anti-HIV	All Sources	All patients		
Anti-HCV	All Sources	All patients		
Anti-HBs	None	All patients		
HBsAg	All Sources	Based on risk assessment		
RPR	All Sources	Based on risk assessment		
LFTs	All Sources	All patients		

TREATMENT PROTOCOL	FOR BLOODBORNE PATHOGEN EXPOSURE INCIDENT (1	1)

SOURCE RISK ASSESSMENT RESULTS	PATIENT STATUS AT TIME OF BLOODBORNE PATHOGEN EXPOSURE INCIDENT	INITIAL TREATMENT REQUIRED	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH CLINIC FOLLOW UP ACTION REQUIRED BASED ON TEST RESULTS
Hepatitis B Known Positive or High Risk	Completed HBV series and known Responder (2) or HepB immune from prior infection.	NONE	NONE for Patient. (3) If high risk Source (4) tests HBsAg positive, ensure Source is referred to PM physician or designated MD.
	Completed HBV series but never tested for Anti-HBs.	NONE	If Source tests HBsAg positive or tests HBsAg positive and Patient's Anti-HBs is inadequate, order one dose HBIG plus HBV booster. Ensure Source is referred to PM physician or designated MD. Recheck Patient's Anti-HBs status in six months. If Source tests HBsAg negative and Patient's Anti-HBs is inadequate, order HBV booster. Recheck Patient's Anti-HBs in one to two months.
	Completed HBV series but known HBV Non-responder. (5)	Give HBIG 0.06 ml/kg IM	If Source is known HBsAg positive or tests HBsAg positive and Patient has not completed a second 3-dose HBV series, initiate vaccine series. If Patient has completed a second HBV series, refer to WRAMC Allergy Clinic and order dose of HBIG one month after first dose. Ensure high risk Source whose HBsAg test is positive is referred to PM physician or designated MD.
	Unvaccinated or has not completed HBV series.	Give HBIG 0.06 ml/kg IM	Initiate or complete HBV series. Recheck Patient's Anti-HBs in six months. Ensure a high risk Source whose HBsAg test is positive is referred to PM physician or designated MD.
Hepatitis B Known Negative or Low Risk or Source Unknown	Completed HBV series and known Responder or HepB immune from prior infection.	NONE	NONE for Patient. If Source tests HBsAg positive, ensure Source is referred to PM physician or designated MD.
	Completed HBV series but never tested for Anti-HBs.	NONE	If Source tests HBsAg positive and Patient's Anti-HBs is inadequate, order one dose HBIG and HBV booster. Recheck Patient's Anti-HBs in six months. Ensure Source is referred to PM physician or designated MD. If Source tests HBsAg negative and if Patient's Anti-HBs is inadequate, order HBV booster. Recheck Anti-HBs titer in one to two months after last dose of vaccine.
	Completed HBV series but known Non- responder.	NONE	If Source tests HBsAg positive, treat as noted above. If Source tests HBsAg negative or unknown and Patient has not completed second 3-dose series, order completion of series and retest Anti-HBs in one to two months. If Patient has completed a second HBV series, refer to WRAMC Allergy Clinic.
	Unvaccinated or has not completed HBV series.	NONE	If Source tests HBsAg positive, treat as noted above. If Source tests HBsAg negative or unknown, initiate or completeHBV series. Recheck Patient's Anti-HBs in one to two months.
Hepatitis C	Anti-HCV known positive.	NONE	NONE for Patient. If high risk Source tests Anti-HCV positive, ensure Source is referred to PM physician or designated MD.
Known Positive or High Risk	Anti-HCV known positive or status unknown.	NONE	If Source is known Anti-HVC positive or tests Anti-HCV positive and Patient tests Anti-HCV negative, order Anti-HCV and ALT on Patient in four to six months. Refer Anti-HCV positive Source or Patient to PM physician or designated MD.
Hepatitis C Known Negative	Anti-HCV known positive.	NONE	NONE for Patient. If Source tests Anti-HCV positive, ensure Source is referred to PM physician or designated MD.
or Low Risk or Source Unknown	Anti-HCV known negative or status unknown.	NONE	If Source tests Anti-HCV positive and Patient tests Anti-HCV negative, order Anti-HCV and ALT on Patient in four to six months. Refer Anti-HCV positive Source or Patient to PM physician or designated MD.
HIV	Anti-HIV known positive.	NONE	NONE for Patient. If high risk Source tests Anti-HIV positive, contact PM physician or designated MD ASAP.
Known Positive or High Risk	Anti-HIV known negative or status unknown.	Immediate WRAMC ID consult. Call 202-782-1663/6740. Discuss prophylaxis and precautions.	If Source is known Anti-HIV positive or tests Anti-HIV positive and Patient tests Anti-HIV negative, repeat Anti-HIV at six weeks, three months and six months. Counsel Patient to use precautions to prevent secondary transmission during follow up period. If Source or Patient tests Anti-HIV positive, refer to PM physician or designated MD ASAP.
HIV Known Negative	Anti-HIV known positive.	NONE	NONE for Patient. If Source tests Anti-HIV positive, contact PM physician or designated MD ASAP.
or Low Risk or Source Unknown	Anti-HIV known negative or status unknown.	NONE	If Source tests Anti-HIV positive and Patient tests Anti-HIV negative, consult immediately with WRAMC ID regarding Patient. Follow up Patient as noted above. If Source or Patient tests Anti-HIV positive, refer to PM physician or designated MD ASAP.

- 1. Reference: Updated Public Health Service Guidelines for the Management of Occupational Health Exposures to HBV, HCV, and HIV and Recommenations for Post-exposure Prophylaxis, Centers for Disease Control, MMWR 2001/50 (RR11).
- 2. Responder is a person with adequate levels of serum antibody to HBsAg (i.e., Anti-HBs ≥ 10 mlU/mL.)

 3. Patient is any individual who is the recipient of a specific eye, mouth, other mucous membrane, non-intact skin or parenteral contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials.

 4. Source is any individual, living or dead, whose blood or other potentially infectious material may be a source of exposure.

 5. Non-responder is a person with inadequate response to vaccination (i.e., serum Anti-HBs < 10 mlU/mL.)